

WHY WAS HE "THE GREAT"?

Mark asked Kostas why [Alexander](#) was such a great [leader](#). Kostas found this text.

Alexander was born in 356 BC in [Pella](#), Macedonia to [King Philip II](#).

At 20, after his father's murder, he became king. From the age of 22 until his death at 33 he [conquered](#) most of the known world, reaching as far as [India](#).

The Persians were his major [enemy](#). They were very strong in sea power. Alexander did not have a strong [navy](#). He was afraid of the Persian navy. In order to stop the Persian navy he did not attack the ships. Instead he destroyed their ports.

- ✚ In the battle of the river Issus, he did not feel strong. So he changed tactics. He himself led a focussed [attack](#) on Darius, the Persian king. Darius's personal guard did not hold the attack. Darius withdrew and his troops followed.
- ✚ Alexander wanted to capture Tyre, a city on an island very near to the coast of today's Lebanon. Tyre was very difficult to conquer. After several months of attack by sea Alexander changed tactics. He built a causeway. This way his troops marched up to the walls. They used land attack tactics Tyre was captured soon afterwards.
- ✚ Alexander wanted to control the lands he had conquered. In order to do so, he told his troops to live there. This way the ancient Greek culture and language spread to those lands.

Choose one of the following statements which show Alexander was a great leader. Explain why.

Alexander did not have a navy. Nevertheless he stopped the Persian navy.

At the [battle](#) of the River Issus he defeated the Persians, who had a bigger army.

Alexander captured the town of Tyre, which everyone thought impossible.

He controlled the lands he conquered well.

Χρησιμοποιούμε τις υπερσυνδέσεις (εξωτερικές και εσωτερικές), τους σελιδοδείκτες, τις συμβουλές οθόνης, τις εικόνες και τους χάρτες.

Προσεγγίζουμε και κατανοούμε το κείμενο λεξιλογικά /συντακτικά και νοηματικά ώστε να μπορέσουμε να δουλέψουμε πάνω του με κριτική διάθεση (critical approach). Το παρακάτω φύλλο εργασίας εξυπηρετεί αυτό το σκοπό.

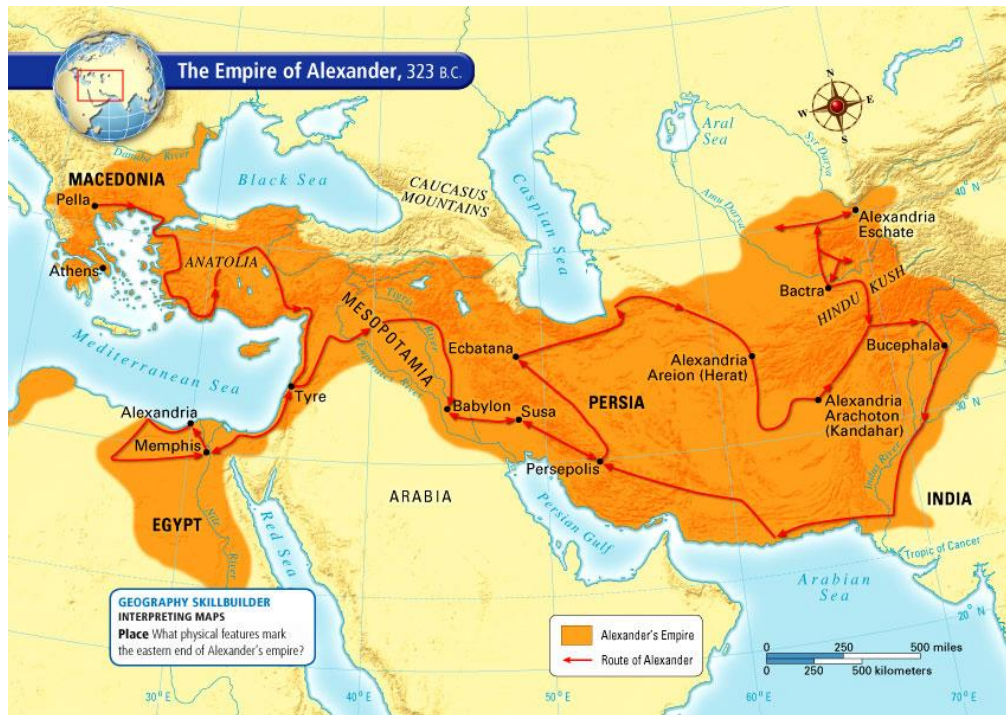
Pella ¹



King



India



Alexander

